FEDERAL POLICY FOR THE PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

45 CFR 46

RULES AND REGULATIONS 2018

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For the reasons set forth in this preamble, the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects is amended.

Text of the Final Common Rule

The text of the final common rule appears below:

1. Part/subpart ____is amended/revised/added to read as follows:

PART __ PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

- ___.101 To what does this policy apply?
- ___.102 Definitions for purposes of this policy.
- __.103 Assuring compliance with this policy—research conducted or supported by any Federal department or agency.
- ___.104 Exempt research.
- __.105 [Reserved]
- __.106 [Reserved]
- ___.107 IRB membership.
- ___.108 IRB functions and operations.
- ___.109 IRB review of research.
- ___.110 Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
- ___.111 Criteria for IRB approval of research.
- ___.112 Review by institution.
- ___.113 Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
- ___.114 Cooperative research.
- ___.115 IRB records.
- ___.116 General requirements for informed consent.
- ____.117 Documentation of informed consent.
- ___.118 Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
- ____.119 Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
- ___.120 Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or

supported by a Federal department or agency.

_.121 [Reserved]

___.122 Use of Federal funds.

___.123 Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.

___.124 Conditions.

§ __.101 To what does this policy apply?

(a) Except as detailed in § _____.104, this policy applies to all research involving human subjects conducted, supported, or otherwise subject to regulation by any Federal department or agency that takes appropriate administrative action to make the policy applicable to such research. This includes research conducted by Federal civilian employees or military personnel, except that each department or agency head may adopt such procedural modifications as may be appropriate from an administrative standpoint. It also includes research conducted, supported, or otherwise subject to regulation by the Federal Government outside the United States. Institutions that are engaged in research described in this paragraph and institutional review boards (IRBs) reviewing research that is subject to this policy must comply with this policy.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) Department or agency heads retain final judgment as to whether a particular activity is covered by this policy and this judgment shall be exercised consistent with the ethical principles of the Belmont Report.^[64]

(d) Department or agency heads may require that specific research activities or classes of research activities conducted, supported, or otherwise subject to regulation by the Federal department or agency but not otherwise covered by this policy comply with some or all of the requirements of this policy.

(e) Compliance with this policy requires compliance with pertinent federal laws or regulations that provide additional protections for human subjects.

(f) This policy does not affect any state or local laws or regulations (including tribal law passed by the official governing body of an American Indian or Alaska Native tribe) that may otherwise be applicable and that provide additional protections for human subjects.

(g) This policy does not affect any foreign laws or regulations that may otherwise be applicable and that provide additional protections to human subjects of research.

(h) When research covered by this policy takes place in foreign countries, procedures normally followed in the foreign countries to protect human subjects may differ from those set forth in this policy. In these circumstances, if a department or agency head determines that the procedures prescribed by the institution afford protections that are at least equivalent to those provided in this policy, the department or agency head may approve the substitution of the foreign procedures in lieu of the procedural requirements provided in this policy. Except when otherwise required by statute, Executive Order, or the department or agency head, notices of these actions as they occur will be published in the **Federal Register** or will be otherwise published as provided in department or agency procedures.

(i) Unless otherwise required by law, department or agency heads may waive the applicability of some or all of the provisions of this policy to specific research activities or classes of research activities otherwise covered by this policy, provided the alternative procedures to be followed are consistent with the principles of the Belmont Report.^[63] Except when otherwise required by statute or Executive Order, the department or agency

head shall forward advance notices of these actions to the Office for Human Research Protections, Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), or any successor office, or to the equivalent office within the appropriate Federal department or agency, and shall also publish them in the **Federal Register** or in such other manner as provided in department or agency procedures. The waiver notice must include a statement that identifies the conditions under which the waiver will be applied and a justification as to why the waiver is appropriate for the research, including how the decision is consistent with the principles of the Belmont Report.

(j) Federal guidance on the requirements of this policy shall be issued only after consultation, for the purpose of harmonization (to the extent appropriate), with other Federal departments and agencies that have adopted this policy, unless such consultation is not feasible.

(k) [Reserved]

(1) Compliance dates and transition provisions:

(1) For purposes of this section, the *pre-2018 Requirements* means this subpart as published in the 2016 edition of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(2) For purposes of this section, the 2018 Requirements means the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects requirements contained in this subpart. The compliance date for § __.114(b) (cooperative research) of the 2018 Requirements is January 20, 2020.

(3) Research initially approved by an IRB, for which such review was waived pursuant to § _____.101(i), or for which a determination was made that the research was exempt before January 19, 2018, shall comply with the pre-2018 Requirements, except that an institution engaged in such research on or after January 19, 2018, may instead comply with the 2018 Requirements if the institution determines that such ongoing research will comply with the 2018 Requirements and an IRB documents such determination.

(4) Research initially approved by an IRB, for which such review was waived pursuant to § ____.101(i), or for which a D determination was made that the research was exempt on or after January 19, 2018, shall comply with the 2018 Requirements.

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(m) Severability: Any provision of this part held to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, shall be construed so as to continue to give maximum effect to the provision permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event the provision shall be severable from this part and shall not affect the remainder thereof or the application of the provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other dissimilar circumstances.

§__.102 Definitions for purposes of this policy.

(a) *Certification* means the official notification by the institution to the supporting Federal department or agency component, in accordance with the requirements of this policy, that a research project or activity involving human subjects has been reviewed and approved by an IRB in accordance with an approved assurance.

(b) *Clinical trial* means a research study in which one or more human subjects are prospectively assigned to one or more interventions (which may include placebo or other control) to evaluate the effects of the interventions on biomedical or behavioral health-related outcomes.

(c) *Department or agency head* means the head of any Federal department or agency, for example, the Secretary of HHS, and any other officer or employee of any Federal department or agency to whom the authority provided by these regulations to the department or agency head has been delegated.

(d) *Federal department or agency* refers to a federal department or agency (the department or agency itself rather than its bureaus, offices or divisions) that takes appropriate administrative action to make this policy applicable to the research involving human subjects it conducts, supports, or otherwise regulates (*e.g.*, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the U.S. Department of Defense, or the Central Intelligence Agency).

(e)(1) *Human subject* means a living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research:

(i) Obtains information or biospecimens through intervention or interaction with the individual, and uses, studies, or analyzes the information or biospecimens; or (ii) Obtains, uses, studies, analyzes, or generates identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens.

(2) Intervention includes both physical procedures by which information or biospecimens are gathered (e.g., venipuncture) and manipulations of the subject or the subject's environment that are performed for research purposes.

(3) Interaction includes communication or interpersonal contact between investigator and subject.

(4) *Private information* includes information about behavior that occurs in a context in which an individual can reasonably expect that no observation or recording is taking place, and information that has been provided for specific purposes by an individual and that the individual can reasonably expect will not be made public (*e.g.*, a medical record).

(5) *Identifiable private information* is private information for which the identity of the subject is or may readily be ascertained by the investigator or associated with the information.

(6) An identifiable biospecimen is a biospecimen for which the identity of the subject is or may readily be ascertained by the investigator or associated with the biospecimen.

(7) Federal departments or agencies implementing this policy shall:

(i) Upon consultation with appropriate experts (including experts in data matching and re-identification), reexamine the meaning of "identifiable private information," as defined in paragraph (e)(5) of this section, and "identifiable biospecimen," as defined in paragraph (e)(6) of this section. This reexamination shall take place within 1 year and regularly thereafter (at least every 4 years). This process will be conducted by collaboration among the Federal departments and agencies implementing this policy. If appropriate and permitted by law, such Federal departments and agencies may alter the interpretation of these terms, including through the use of guidance.

(ii) Upon consultation with appropriate experts, assess whether there are analytic technologies or techniques that should be considered by investigators to generate "identifiable private information," as defined in paragraph (e)(5) of this section, or an "identifiable biospecimen," as defined in paragraph (e)(6) of this section. This assessment shall take place within 1 year and regularly thereafter (at least every 4 years). This process will be conducted by collaboration among the Federal departments and agencies implementing this policy. Any such technologies or techniques will be included on a list of technologies or techniques that produce identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens. This list will be published in the **Federal Register** after notice and an opportunity for public comment. The Secretary, HHS, shall maintain the list on a publicly accessible Web site.

(f) *Institution* means any public or private entity, or department or agency (including federal, state, and other agencies).

(g) IRB means an institutional review board established in accord with and for the purposes expressed in this policy.

(h) *IRB approval* means the determination of the IRB that the research has been reviewed and may be conducted at an institution within the constraints set forth by the IRB and by other institutional and federal requirements.

(i) *Legally authorized representative* means an individual or judicial or other body authorized under applicable law to consent on behalf of a prospective subject to the subject's participation in the procedure(s) involved in the research. If there is no applicable law addressing this issue, *legally authorized representative* means an individual recognized by institutional policy as acceptable for providing consent in the nonresearch context on behalf of the prospective subject to the subject's participation in the procedure(s) involved in the research.

(j) *Minimal risk* means that the probability and magnitude of harm or discomfort anticipated in the research are not greater in and of themselves than those ordinarily encountered in daily life or during the performance of routine physical or psychological examinations or tests.

(k) *Public health authority* means an agency or authority of the United States, a state, a territory, a political subdivision of a state or territory, an Indian tribe, or a foreign government, or a person or entity acting under a grant of authority from or contract with such public agency, including the employees or agents of such public agency or its contractors or persons or entities to whom it has granted authority, that is responsible for public health matters as part of its official mandate.

(1) *Research* means a systematic investigation, including research development, testing, and evaluation, designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. Activities that meet this definition constitute research for purposes of this policy, whether or not they are conducted or supported under a program that is considered research for other purposes. For example, some demonstration and \Box service programs may include research activities. For purposes of this part, the following activities are deemed not to be research:

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(1) Scholarly and journalistic activities (*e.g.*, oral history, journalism, biography, literary criticism, legal research, and historical scholarship), including the collection and use of information, that focus directly on the specific individuals about whom the information is collected.

(2) Public health surveillance activities, including the collection and testing of information or biospecimens, conducted, supported, requested, ordered, required, or authorized by a public health authority. Such activities are limited to those necessary to allow a public health authority to identify, monitor, assess, or investigate potential public health signals, onsets of disease outbreaks, or conditions of public health importance (including trends, signals, risk factors, patterns in diseases, or increases in injuries from using consumer products). Such activities include those associated with providing timely situational awareness and priority setting during the course of an event or crisis that threatens public health (including natural or man-made disasters).

(3) Collection and analysis of information, biospecimens, or records by or for a criminal justice agency for activities authorized by law or court order solely for criminal justice or criminal investigative purposes.

(4) Authorized operational activities (as determined by each agency) in support of intelligence, homeland security, defense, or other national security missions.

(m) Written, or in writing, for purposes of this part, refers to writing on a tangible medium (e.g., paper) or in an electronic format.

§__.103 Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or

supported by any Federal department or agency.

(a) Each institution engaged in research that is covered by this policy, with the exception of research eligible for exemption under § _____.104, and that is conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency, shall provide written assurance satisfactory to the department or agency head that it will comply with the requirements of this policy. In lieu of requiring submission of an assurance, individual department or agency heads shall accept the existence of a current assurance, appropriate for the research in question, on file with the Office for Human Research Protections, HHS, or any successor office, and approved for Federal-wide use by that office. When the existence of an HHS-approved assurance is accepted in lieu of requiring submission of an assurance, reports (except certification) required by this policy to be made to department and agency heads shall also be made to the Office for Human Research Protections, HHS, or support research covered by this policy only if the institution has provided an assurance that it will comply with the requirements of this policy, as provided in this section, and only if the institution has certified to the department or agency head that the research has been reviewed and approved by an IRB (if such certification is required by § ___.103(d)).

(b) The assurance shall be executed by an individual authorized to act for the institution and to assume on behalf of the institution the obligations imposed by this policy and shall be filed in such form and manner as the department or agency head prescribes.

(c) The department or agency head may limit the period during which any assurance shall remain effective or otherwise condition or restrict the assurance.

(d) Certification is required when the research is supported by a Federal department or agency and not otherwise waived under § _____.101(i) or exempted under § _____.104. For such research, institutions shall certify that each proposed research study covered by the assurance and this section has been reviewed and approved by the IRB. Such certification must be submitted as prescribed by the Federal department or agency component supporting the research. Under no condition shall research covered by this section be initiated prior to receipt of the certification that the research has been reviewed and approved by the IRB.

(e) For nonexempt research involving human subjects covered by this policy (or exempt research for which limited IRB review takes place pursuant to $\dots 104(d)(2)(iii), (d)(3)(i)(C),$ or (d)(7) or (8)) that takes place at an institution in which IRB oversight is conducted by an IRB that is not operated by the institution, the institution and the organization operating the IRB shall document the institution's reliance on the IRB for oversight of the research and the responsibilities that each entity will undertake to ensure compliance with the requirements of this policy (*e.g.*, in a written agreement between the institution and the IRB, by implementation of an institution-wide policy directive providing the allocation of responsibilities between the institution and an IRB that is not affiliated with the institution, or as set forth in a research protocol).

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.104 Exempt research.

(a) Unless otherwise required by law or by department or agency heads, research activities in which the only involvement of human subjects will be in one or more of the categories in paragraph (d) of this section are exempt from the requirements of this policy, except that such activities must comply with the requirements of this section and as specified in each category.

(b) Use of the exemption categories for research subject to the requirements of subparts B, C, and D: Application of the exemption categories to research subject to the requirements of 45 CFR part 46 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-46), subparts B, C, and D, is as follows:

(1) *Subpart B*. Each of the exemptions at this section may be applied to research subject to subpart B if the conditions of the exemption are met.

(2) *Subpart C*. The exemptions at this section do not apply to research subject to subpart C, except for research aimed at involving a broader subject population that only incidentally includes prisoners.

(3) Subpart D. The exemptions at paragraphs (d)(1), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of this section may be applied to research subject to subpart D if the conditions of the exemption are met. Paragraphs (d)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section only may apply to research subject to subpart D involving educational tests or the observation of public behavior when the investigator(s) do not participate in the activities being observed. Paragraph (d)(2)(iii) of this section may not be applied to research subject to subpart D.

(c) [Reserved.]

(d) Except as described in paragraph (a) of this section, the following categories of human subjects research are exempt from this policy:

(1) Research, conducted in established or commonly accepted educational settings, that specifically involves normal educational practices that are not likely to adversely impact students' opportunity to learn required educational content or the assessment of educators who provide instruction. This includes most research on regular and special education instructional strategies, and research on the effectiveness of or the comparison among instructional techniques, \Box curricula, or classroom management methods.

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(2) Research that only includes interactions involving educational tests (cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, achievement), survey procedures, interview procedures, or observation of public behavior (including visual or auditory recording) if at least one of the following criteria is met:

(i) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects;

(ii) Any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research would not reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, educational advancement, or reputation; or

(iii) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects can readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, and an IRB conducts a limited IRB review to make the determination required by § ___.111(a)(7).

(3)(i) Research involving benign behavioral interventions in conjunction with the collection of information from an adult subject through verbal or written responses (including data entry) or audiovisual recording if the subject prospectively agrees to the intervention and information collection and at least one of the following criteria is met:

(A) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects;

(B) Any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research would not reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, educational advancement, or reputation; or

(C) The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects can readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, and an IRB conducts a limited IRB review to make the determination required by § __.111(a)(7).

(ii) For the purpose of this provision, benign behavioral interventions are brief in duration, harmless, painless, not physically invasive, not likely to have a significant adverse lasting impact on the subjects, and the investigator has no reason to think the subjects will find the interventions offensive or embarrassing. Provided all such criteria are met, examples of such benign behavioral interventions would include having the subjects play an online game, having them solve puzzles under various noise conditions, or having them decide how to allocate a nominal amount of received cash between themselves and someone else.

(iii) If the research involves deceiving the subjects regarding the nature or purposes of the research, this exemption is not applicable unless the subject authorizes the deception through a prospective agreement to participate in research in circumstances in which the subject is informed that he or she will be unaware of or misled regarding the nature or purposes of the research.

(4) Secondary research for which consent is not required: Secondary research uses of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, if at least one of the following criteria is met:

(i) The identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens are publicly available;

(ii) Information, which may include information about biospecimens, is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, the investigator does not contact the subjects, and the investigator will not re-identify subjects;

(iii) The research involves only information collection and analysis involving the investigator's use of identifiable health information when that use is regulated under 45 CFR parts 160 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-160) and 164, subparts A and E, for the purposes of "health care operations" or "research" as those terms are defined at 45 CFR 164.501 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-164.501) or for "public health activities and purposes" as described under 45 CFR 164.512 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-164.512)(b); or

(iv) The research is conducted by, or on behalf of, a Federal department or agency using governmentgenerated or government-collected information obtained for nonresearch activities, if the research generates identifiable private information that is or will be maintained on information technology that is subject to and in compliance with section 208(b) of the E-Government Act of 2002, 44 U.S.C. 3501 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=44&year=mostrecent§ion=3501&type=usc&linktype=html) note, if all of the identifiable private information collected, used, or generated as part of the activity will be maintained in systems of records subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=552&type=usc&linktype=html)a, and, if applicable, the information used in the research was collected subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=44&year=mostrecent§ion=3501&type=html) *et seq*.

(5) Research and demonstration projects that are conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency, or otherwise subject to the approval of department or agency heads (or the approval of the heads of bureaus or other subordinate agencies that have been delegated authority to conduct the research and demonstration projects), and that are designed to study, evaluate, improve, or otherwise examine public benefit or service programs, including procedures for obtaining benefits or services under those programs, possible changes in or alternatives to those programs or procedures, or possible changes in methods or levels of payment for benefits or services under those programs. Such projects include, but are not limited to, internal studies by Federal employees, and studies under contracts or consulting arrangements, cooperative agreements, or grants. Exempt projects also include waivers of otherwise mandatory requirements using authorities such as sections 1115 and 1115A of the Social Security Act, as amended.

(i) Each Federal department or agency conducting or supporting the research and demonstration projects must establish, on a publicly accessible Federal Web site or in such other manner as the department or agency head may determine, a list of the research and demonstration projects that the Federal department or agency conducts or supports under this provision. The research or demonstration project must be published on this list prior to commencing the research involving human subjects.

(ii) [Reserved]

(6) Taste and food quality evaluation and consumer acceptance studies:

(i) If wholesome foods without additives are consumed, or

(ii) If a food is consumed that contains a food ingredient at or below the level and for a use found to be safe, or agricultural chemical or environmental contaminant at or below the level found to be safe, by the Food and Drug Administration or approved by the Environmental Protection Agency or the Food Safety and Inspection Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

(7) Storage or maintenance for secondary research for which broad consent is required: Storage or maintenance of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens for potential secondary research use if an IRB conducts a limited IRB review and makes the D determinations required by § __.111(a)
 (8).

(8) Secondary research for which broad consent is required: Research involving the use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens for secondary research use, if the following criteria are met:

(i) Broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens was obtained in accordance with ___.116(a)(1) through (4), (a)(6), and (d);

(ii) Documentation of informed consent or waiver of documentation of consent was obtained in accordance with § ___.117;

(iii) An IRB conducts a limited IRB review and makes the determination required by $_..111(a)(7)$ and makes the determination that the research to be conducted is within the scope of the broad consent referenced in paragraph (d)(8)(i) of this section; and (iv) The investigator does not include returning individual research results to subjects as part of the study plan. This provision does not prevent an investigator from abiding by any legal requirements to return individual research results.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.105 [Reserved.]

§__.106 [Reserved]

§__.107 IRB membership.

(a) Each IRB shall have at least five members, with varying backgrounds to promote complete and adequate review of research activities commonly conducted by the institution. The IRB shall be sufficiently qualified through the experience and expertise of its members (professional competence), and the diversity of its members, including race, gender, and cultural backgrounds and sensitivity to such issues as community attitudes, to promote respect for its advice and counsel in safeguarding the rights and welfare of human subjects. The IRB shall be able to ascertain the acceptability of proposed research in terms of institutional commitments (including policies and resources) and regulations, applicable law, and standards of professional conduct and practice. The IRB shall therefore include persons knowledgeable in these areas. If

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an IRB regularly reviews research that involves a category of subjects that is vulnerable to coercion or undue influence, such as children, prisoners, individuals with impaired decision-making capacity, or economically or educationally disadvantaged persons, consideration shall be given to the inclusion of one or more individuals who are knowledgeable about and experienced in working with these categories of subjects.

(b) Each IRB shall include at least one member whose primary concerns are in scientific areas and at least one member whose primary concerns are in nonscientific areas.

(c) Each IRB shall include at least one member who is not otherwise affiliated with the institution and who is not part of the immediate family of a person who is affiliated with the institution.

(d) No IRB may have a member participate in the IRB's initial or continuing review of any project in which the member has a conflicting interest, except to provide information requested by the IRB.

(e) An IRB may, in its discretion, invite individuals with competence in special areas to assist in the review of issues that require expertise beyond or in addition to that available on the IRB. These individuals may not vote with the IRB.

§__.108 IRB functions and operations.

(a) In order to fulfill the requirements of this policy each IRB shall:

(1) Have access to meeting space and sufficient staff to support the IRB's review and recordkeeping duties;

(2) Prepare and maintain a current list of the IRB members identified by name; earned degrees; representative capacity; indications of experience such as board certifications or licenses sufficient to describe each member's chief anticipated contributions to IRB deliberations; and any employment or other relationship between each member and the institution, for example, full-time employee, part-time employee, member of governing panel or board, stockholder, paid or unpaid consultant;

(3) Establish and follow written procedures for:

(i) Conducting its initial and continuing review of research and for reporting its findings and actions to the investigator and the institution;

(ii) Determining which projects require review more often than annually and which projects need verification from sources other than the investigators that no material changes have occurred since previous IRB review; and

(iii) Ensuring prompt reporting to the IRB of proposed changes in a research activity, and for ensuring that investigators will conduct the research activity in accordance with the terms of the IRB approval until any proposed changes have been reviewed and approved by the IRB, except when necessary to eliminate apparent immediate hazards to the subject.

(4) Establish and follow written procedures for ensuring prompt reporting to the IRB; appropriate institutional officials; the department or agency head; and the Office for Human Research Protections, HHS, or any successor office, or the equivalent office within the appropriate Federal department or agency of

(i) Any unanticipated problems involving risks to subjects or others or any serious or continuing noncompliance with this policy or the requirements or determinations of the IRB; and

(ii) Any suspension or termination of IRB approval.

(b) Except when an expedited review procedure is used (as described in § ____110), an IRB must review proposed research at convened meetings at which a majority of the members of the IRB are present, including at least one member whose primary concerns are in nonscientific areas. In order for the research to be approved, it shall receive the approval of a majority of those members present at the meeting.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.109 IRB review of research.

(a) An IRB shall review and have authority to approve, require modifications in (to secure approval), or disapprove all research activities covered by this policy, including exempt research activities under § ___.104 for which limited IRB review is a condition of exemption (under § ___.104(d)(2)(iii), (d)(3)(i)(C), and (d)(7), and (8)).

(b) An IRB shall require that information given to subjects (or legally authorized representatives, when appropriate) as part of informed consent is in accordance with § __.116. The IRB may require that information, in addition to that specifically mentioned in § __.116, be given to the subjects when in the IRB's judgment the information would meaningfully add to the protection of the rights and welfare of subjects.

(c) An IRB shall require documentation of informed consent or may waive documentation in accordance with §_____.117.

(d) An IRB shall notify investigators and the institution in writing of its decision to approve or disapprove the proposed research activity, or of modifications required to secure IRB [] approval of the research activity. If the IRB decides to disapprove a research activity, it shall include in its written notification a statement of the reasons for its decision and give the investigator an opportunity to respond in person or in writing.

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(e) An IRB shall conduct continuing review of research requiring review by the convened IRB at intervals appropriate to the degree of risk, not less than once per year, except as described in § __.109(f).

(f)(1) Unless an IRB determines otherwise, continuing review of research is not required in the following circumstances:

(i) Research eligible for expedited review in accordance with § __.110;

(ii) Research reviewed by the IRB in accordance with the limited IRB review described in § __.104(d)(2)(iii),
(d)(3)(i)(C), or (d)(7) or (8);

(iii) Research that has progressed to the point that it involves only one or both of the following, which are part of the IRB-approved study:

(A) Data analysis, including analysis of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, or

(B) Accessing follow-up clinical data from procedures that subjects would undergo as part of clinical care.

(2) [Reserved.]

(g) An IRB shall have authority to observe or have a third party observe the consent process and the research.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.110 Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal risk, and for minor changes in approved research.

(a) The Secretary of HHS has established, and published as a Notice in the **Federal Register**, a list of categories of research that may be reviewed by the IRB through an expedited review procedure. The Secretary will evaluate the list at least every 8 years and amend it, as appropriate, after consultation with other federal departments and agencies and after publication in the **Federal Register** for public comment. A copy of the list is available from the Office for Human Research Protections, HHS, or any successor office.

(b)(1) An IRB may use the expedited review procedure to review the following:

(i) Some or all of the research appearing on the list described in paragraph (a) of this section, unless the reviewer determines that the study involves more than minimal risk;

(ii) Minor changes in previously approved research during the period for which approval is authorized; or

(iii) Research for which limited IRB review is a condition of exemption under $\dots .104(d)(2)(iii), (d)(3)(i)$ (C), and (d)(7) and (8).

(2) Under an expedited review procedure, the review may be carried out by the IRB chairperson or by one or more experienced reviewers designated by the chairperson from among members of the IRB. In reviewing the research, the reviewers may exercise all of the authorities of the IRB except that the reviewers may not disapprove the research. A research activity may be disapproved only after review in accordance with the nonexpedited procedure set forth in § ___.108(b).

(c) Each IRB that uses an expedited review procedure shall adopt a method for keeping all members advised of research proposals that have been approved under the procedure.

(d) The department or agency head may restrict, suspend, terminate, or choose not to authorize an institution's or IRB's use of the expedited review procedure.

§ .111 Criteria for IRB approval of research.

(a) In order to approve research covered by this policy the IRB shall determine that all of the following requirements are satisfied:

(1) Risks to subjects are minimized:

(i) By using procedures that are consistent with sound research design and that do not unnecessarily expose subjects to risk, and

(ii) Whenever appropriate, by using procedures already being performed on the subjects for diagnostic or treatment purposes.

(2) Risks to subjects are reasonable in relation to anticipated benefits, if any, to subjects, and the importance of the knowledge that may reasonably be expected to result. In evaluating risks and benefits, the IRB should consider only those risks and benefits that may result from the research (as distinguished from risks and benefits of therapies subjects would receive even if not participating in the research). The IRB should not consider possible long-range effects of applying knowledge gained in the research (*e.g.*, the possible effects of the research on public policy) as among those research risks that fall within the purview of its responsibility.

(3) Selection of subjects is equitable. In making this assessment the IRB should take into account the purposes of the research and the setting in which the research will be conducted. The IRB should be particularly cognizant of the special problems of research that involves a category of subjects who are vulnerable to coercion or undue influence, such as children, prisoners, individuals with impaired decision-making capacity, or economically or educationally disadvantaged persons.

(4) Informed consent will be sought from each prospective subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, in accordance with, and to the extent required by, \S ___.116.

(5) Informed consent will be appropriately documented or appropriately waived in accordance with § _____117.

(6) When appropriate, the research plan makes adequate provision for monitoring the data collected to ensure the safety of subjects.

(7) When appropriate, there are adequate provisions to protect the privacy of subjects and to maintain the confidentiality of data.

(i) The Secretary of HHS will, after consultation with the Office of Management and Budget's privacy office and other Federal departments and agencies that have adopted this policy, issue guidance to assist IRBs in assessing what provisions are adequate to protect the privacy of subjects and to maintain the confidentiality of data.

(ii) [Reserved.]

(8) For purposes of conducting the limited IRB review required by § ___.104(d)(7)), the IRB need not make the determinations at paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section, and shall make the following determinations:

(i) Broad consent for storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens is obtained in accordance with the requirements of ____116(a)(1)-(4), (a)(6), and (d);

(ii) Broad consent is appropriately documented or waiver of documentation is appropriate, in accordance with § ____.117; and

(iii) If there is a change made for research purposes in the way the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens are stored or maintained, there are adequate provisions to protect the privacy of subjects and to maintain the confidentiality of data.

(b) When some or all of the subjects are likely to be vulnerable to coercion or undue influence, such as children, prisoners, individuals with impaired decision-making capacity, or economically or educationally disadvantaged persons, additional safeguards have been included in the study to protect the rights and welfare of these subjects.

§__.112 Review by Institution

Research covered by this policy that has been approved by an IRB may be subject to further appropriate review and approval or disapproval by officials of the institution. However, those officials may not approve the research if it has not been approved by an IRB.

§ __.113 Suspension or Termination of IRB Approval of Research

An IRB shall have authority to suspend or terminate approval of research that is not being conducted in accordance with the IRB's requirements or that has been associated with unexpected serious harm to subjects. Any suspension or termination of approval shall include a statement of the reasons for the IRB's action and shall be reported promptly to the investigator, appropriate institutional officials, and the department or agency head.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.114 Cooperative Research

Start Printed Page 7265 (a) Cooperative research projects are those projects covered by this policy that involve more than one institution. In the conduct of cooperative research projects, each institution is responsible for safeguarding the rights and welfare of human subjects and for complying with this policy.

(b)(1) Any institution located in the United States that is engaged in cooperative research must rely upon approval by a single IRB for that portion of the research that is conducted in the United States. The reviewing IRB will be identified by the Federal department or agency supporting or conducting the research or proposed by the lead institution subject to the acceptance of the Federal department or agency supporting the research.

(2) The following research is not subject to this provision:

(i) Cooperative research for which more than single IRB review is required by law (including tribal law passed by the official governing body of an American Indian or Alaska Native tribe); or

(ii) Research for which any Federal department or agency supporting or conducting the research determines and documents that the use of a single IRB is not appropriate for the particular context.

(c) For research not subject to paragraph (b) of this section, an institution participating in a cooperative project may enter into a joint review arrangement, rely on the review of another IRB, or make similar arrangements for avoiding duplication of effort.

§__.115 IRB Records

(a) An institution, or when appropriate an IRB, shall prepare and maintain adequate documentation of IRB activities, including the following:

(1) Copies of all research proposals reviewed, scientific evaluations, if any, that accompany the proposals, approved sample consent forms, progress reports submitted by investigators, and reports of injuries to subjects.

(2) Minutes of IRB meetings, which shall be in sufficient detail to show attendance at the meetings; actions taken by the IRB; the vote on these actions including the number of members voting for, against, and abstaining; the basis for requiring changes in or disapproving research; and a written summary of the discussion of controverted issues and their resolution.

(3) Records of continuing review activities, including the rationale for conducting continuing review of research that otherwise would not require continuing review as described in ___109(f)(1).

(4) Copies of all correspondence between the IRB and the investigators.

(5) A list of IRB members in the same detail as described in § ___.108(a)(2).

(6) Written procedures for the IRB in the same detail as described in § ____108(a)(3) and (4).

(7) Statements of significant new findings provided to subjects, as required by § __.116(c)(5).

(8) The rationale for an expedited reviewer's determination under § __.110(b)(1)(i) that research appearing on the expedited review list described in § __.110(a) is more than minimal risk.

(9) Documentation specifying the responsibilities that an institution and an organization operating an IRB each will undertake to ensure compliance with the requirements of this policy, as described in § _____13(e).

(b) The records required by this policy shall be retained for at least 3 years, and records relating to research that is conducted shall be retained for at least 3 years after completion of the research. The institution or IRB may maintain the records in printed form, or electronically. All records shall be accessible for inspection and copying by authorized representatives of the Federal department or agency at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§_.116 General Requirements for Informed Consent

(a) *General*. General requirements for informed consent, whether written or oral, are set forth in this paragraph and apply to consent obtained in accordance with the requirements set forth in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section. Broad consent may be obtained in lieu of informed consent obtained in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section only with respect to the storage, maintenance, and secondary research uses of identifiable private information and identifiable biospecimens. Waiver or alteration of consent in research involving public benefit and service programs conducted by or subject to the approval of state or local officials is described in paragraph (e) of this section. General waiver or alteration of informed consent is described in paragraph (f) of this section. Except as provided elsewhere in this policy:

(1) Before involving a human subject in research covered by this policy, an investigator shall obtain the legally effective informed consent of the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative.

(2) An investigator shall seek informed consent only under circumstances that provide the prospective subject or the legally authorized representative sufficient opportunity to discuss and consider whether or not to participate and that minimize the possibility of coercion or undue influence.

(3) The information that is given to the subject or the legally authorized representative shall be in language understandable to the subject or the legally authorized representative.

(4) The prospective subject or the legally authorized representative must be provided with the information that a reasonable person would want to have in order to make an informed decision about whether to participate, and an opportunity to discuss that information.

(5) Except for broad consent obtained in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section:

(i) Informed consent must begin with a concise and focused presentation of the key information that is most likely to assist a prospective subject or legally authorized representative in understanding the reasons why one might or might not want to participate in the research. This part of the informed consent must be organized and presented in a way that facilitates comprehension.

(ii) Informed consent as a whole must present information in sufficient detail D relating to the research, and must be organized and presented in a way that does not merely provide lists of isolated facts, but rather facilitates the prospective subject's or legally authorized representative's understanding of the reasons why one might or might not want to participate.

(6) No informed consent may include any exculpatory language through which the subject or the legally authorized representative is made to waive or appear to waive any of the subject's legal rights, or releases or appears to release the investigator, the sponsor, the institution, or its agents from liability for negligence.

(b) *Basic elements of informed consent*. Except as provided in paragraph (d), (e), or (f) of this section, in seeking informed consent the following information shall be provided to each subject or the legally authorized representative:

Start Printed Page 7266 (1) A statement that the study involves research, an explanation of the purposes of the research and the expected duration of the subject's participation, a description of the procedures to be followed, and identification of any procedures that are experimental;

(2) A description of any reasonably foreseeable risks or discomforts to the subject;

(3) A description of any benefits to the subject or to others that may reasonably be expected from the research;

(4) A disclosure of appropriate alternative procedures or courses of treatment, if any, that might be advantageous to the subject;

(5) A statement describing the extent, if any, to which confidentiality of records identifying the subject will be maintained;

(6) For research involving more than minimal risk, an explanation as to whether any compensation and an explanation as to whether any medical treatments are available if injury occurs and, if so, what they consist of, or where further information may be obtained;

(7) An explanation of whom to contact for answers to pertinent questions about the research and research subjects' rights, and whom to contact in the event of a research-related injury to the subject;

(8) A statement that participation is voluntary, refusal to participate will involve no penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled, and the subject may discontinue participation at any time without penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled; and

(9) One of the following statements about any research that involves the collection of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens:

(i) A statement that identifiers might be removed from the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens and that, after such removal, the information or biospecimens could be used for future research studies or distributed to another investigator for future research studies without additional informed consent from the subject or the legally authorized representative, if this might be a possibility; or

(ii) A statement that the subject's information or biospecimens collected as part of the research, even if identifiers are removed, will not be used or distributed for future research studies.

(c) Additional elements of informed consent. Except as provided in paragraph (d), (e), or (f) of this section, one or more of the following elements of information, when appropriate, shall also be provided to each subject or the legally authorized representative:

(1) A statement that the particular treatment or procedure may involve risks to the subject (or to the embryo or fetus, if the subject is or may become pregnant) that are currently unforeseeable;

(2) Anticipated circumstances under which the subject's participation may be terminated by the investigator without regard to the subject's or the legally authorized representative's consent;

(3) Any additional costs to the subject that may result from participation in the research;

(4) The consequences of a subject's decision to withdraw from the research and procedures for orderly termination of participation by the subject;

(5) A statement that significant new findings developed during the course of the research that may relate to the subject's willingness to continue participation will be provided to the subject;

(6) The approximate number of subjects involved in the study;

(7) A statement that the subject's biospecimens (even if identifiers are removed) may be used for commercial profit and whether the subject will or will not share in this commercial profit;

(8) A statement regarding whether clinically relevant research results, including individual research results, will be disclosed to subjects, and if so, under what conditions; and

(9) For research involving biospecimens, whether the research will (if known) or might include whole genome sequencing (*i.e.*, sequencing of a human germline or somatic specimen with the intent to generate the genome or exome sequence of that specimen).

(d) Elements of broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens. Broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens (collected for either research studies other than the proposed research or nonresearch purposes) is permitted as an alternative to the informed consent requirements in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section. If the subject or the legally authorized representative is asked to provide broad consent, the following shall be provided to each subject or the subject's legally authorized representative:

(1) The information required in paragraphs (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(5), and (b)(8) and, when appropriate, (c)(7) and (9) of this section;

(2) A general description of the types of research that may be conducted with the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens. This description must include sufficient information such that a reasonable person would expect that the broad consent would permit the types of research conducted;

(3) A description of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens that might be used in research, whether sharing of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens might occur, and the types of institutions or researchers that might conduct research with the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens;

(4) A description of the period of time that the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens may be stored and maintained (which period of time could be indefinite), and a description of the period of time that the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens may be used for research purposes (which period of time could be indefinite);

(5) Unless the subject or legally authorized representative will be provided details about specific research studies, a statement that they will not be informed of the details of any specific research studies that might be conducted using the subject's identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, including the purposes of the research, and that they might have chosen not to consent to some of those specific research studies;

(6) Unless it is known that clinically relevant research results, including individual research results, will be disclosed to the subject in all circumstances, a statement that such results may not be disclosed to the subject; and

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(7) An explanation of whom to contact for answers to questions about the subject's rights and about storage and use of the subject's identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, and whom to contact in the event of a research-related harm. (e) Waiver or alteration of consent in research involving public benefit and service programs conducted by or subject to the approval of state or local officials—(1) Waiver. An IRB may waive the requirement to obtain informed consent for research under paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, provided the IRB satisfies the requirements of paragraph (e)(3) of this section. If an individual was asked to provide broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens in accordance with the requirements at paragraph (d) of this section, and refused to consent, an IRB cannot waive consent for the storage, maintenance, or secondary research use of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens.

(2) Alteration. An IRB may approve a consent procedure that omits some, or alters some or all, of the elements of informed consent set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section provided the IRB satisfies the requirements of paragraph (e)(3) of this section. An IRB may not omit or alter any of the requirements described in paragraph (a) of this section. If a broad consent procedure is used, an IRB may not omit or alter any of the elements required under paragraph (d) of this section.

(3) *Requirements for waiver and alteration*. In order for an IRB to waive or alter consent as described in this subsection, the IRB must find and document that:

(i) The research or demonstration project is to be conducted by or subject to the approval of state or local government officials and is designed to study, evaluate, or otherwise examine:

(A) Public benefit or service programs;

(B) Procedures for obtaining benefits or services under those programs;

(C) Possible changes in or alternatives to those programs or procedures; or

(D) Possible changes in methods or levels of payment for benefits or services under those programs; and

(ii) The research could not practicably be carried out without the waiver or alteration.

(f) General waiver or alteration of consent—(1) Waiver. An IRB may waive the requirement to obtain informed consent for research under paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, provided the IRB satisfies the requirements of paragraph (f)(3) of this section. If an individual was asked to provide broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens in accordance with the requirements at paragraph (d) of this section, and refused to consent, an IRB cannot waive consent for the storage, maintenance, or secondary research use of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens.

(2) Alteration. An IRB may approve a consent procedure that omits some, or alters some or all, of the elements of informed consent set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section provided the IRB satisfies the requirements of paragraph (f)(3) of this section. An IRB may not omit or alter any of the requirements described in paragraph (a) of this section. If a broad consent procedure is used, an IRB may not omit or alter any of the elements required under paragraph (d) of this section.

(3) Requirements for waiver and alteration. In order for an IRB to waive or alter consent as described in this subsection, the IRB must find and document that:

(i) The research involves no more than minimal risk to the subjects;

(ii) The research could not practicably be carried out without the requested waiver or alteration;

(iii) If the research involves using identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, the research could not practicably be carried out without using such information or biospecimens in an identifiable format;

(iv) The waiver or alteration will not adversely affect the rights and welfare of the subjects; and

(v) Whenever appropriate, the subjects or legally authorized representatives will be provided with additional pertinent information after participation.

(g) Screening, recruiting, or determining eligibility. An IRB may approve a research proposal in which an investigator will obtain information or biospecimens for the purpose of screening, recruiting, or determining the eligibility of prospective subjects without the informed consent of the prospective subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, if either of the following conditions are met:

(1) The investigator will obtain information through oral or written communication with the prospective subject or legally authorized representative, or

(2) The investigator will obtain identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens by accessing records or stored identifiable biospecimens.

(h) *Posting of clinical trial consent form*. (1) For each clinical trial conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency, one IRB-approved informed consent form used to enroll subjects must be posted by the awardee or the Federal department or agency component conducting the trial on a publicly available Federal Web site that will be established as a repository for such informed consent forms.

(2) If the Federal department or agency supporting or conducting the clinical trial determines that certain information should not be made publicly available on a Federal Web site (*e.g.* confidential commercial information), such Federal department or agency may permit or require redactions to the information posted.

(3) The informed consent form must be posted on the Federal Web site after the clinical trial is closed to recruitment, and no later than 60 days after the last study visit by any subject, as required by the protocol.

(i) Preemption. The informed consent requirements in this policy are not intended to preempt any applicable Federal, state, or local laws (including tribal laws passed by the official governing body of an American Indian or Alaska Native tribe) that require additional information to be disclosed in order for informed consent to be legally effective.

(j) *Emergency medical care*. Nothing in this policy is intended to limit the authority of a physician to provide emergency medical care, to the extent the physician is permitted to do so under applicable Federal, state, or local law (including tribal law passed by the official governing body of an American Indian or Alaska Native tribe).

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.117 Documentation of informed consent.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, informed consent shall be documented by the use of a written informed consent form approved by the IRB and signed (including in an electronic format) by the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. A written copy shall be given to the person signing the informed consent form.

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(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the informed consent form may be either of the following:

(1) A written informed consent form that meets the requirements of § _____.116. The investigator shall give either the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative adequate opportunity to read the informed consent form before it is signed; alternatively, this form may be read to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative.

(2) A short form written informed consent form stating that the elements of informed consent required by § ______.116 have been presented orally to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, and that the key information required by § ______.116(a)(5)(i) was presented first to the subject, before other information, if any, was provided. The IRB shall approve a written summary of what is to be said to the subject or the legally authorized representative. When this method is used, there shall be a witness to the oral presentation. Only the short form itself is to be signed by the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. However, the witness shall sign both the short form and a copy of the summary, and the person actually obtaining consent shall sign a copy of the summary. A copy of the summary shall be given to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, in addition to a copy of the short form.

(c)(1) An IRB may waive the requirement for the investigator to obtain a signed informed consent form for some or all subjects if it finds any of the following:

(i) That the only record linking the subject and the research would be the informed consent form and the principal risk would be potential harm resulting from a breach of confidentiality. Each subject (or legally authorized representative) will be asked whether the subject wants documentation linking the subject with the research, and the subject's wishes will govern;

(ii) That the research presents no more than minimal risk of harm to subjects and involves no procedures for which written consent is normally required outside of the research context; or

(iii) If the subjects or legally authorized representatives are members of a distinct cultural group or community in which signing forms is not the norm, that the research presents no more than minimal risk of harm to subjects and provided there is an appropriate alternative mechanism for documenting that informed consent was obtained.

(2) In cases in which the documentation requirement is waived, the IRB may require the investigator to provide subjects or legally authorized representatives with a written statement regarding the research.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 0990-0260)

§__.118 Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.

Certain types of applications for grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts are submitted to Federal departments or agencies with the knowledge that subjects may be involved within the period of support, but definite plans would not normally be set forth in the application or proposal. These include activities such as institutional type grants when selection of specific projects is the institution's responsibility; research training grants in which the activities involving subjects remain to be selected; and projects in which human subjects' involvement will depend upon completion of instruments, prior animal studies, or purification of compounds. Except for research waived under § __.101(i) or exempted under § __.104, no human subjects may be involved in any project supported by these awards until the project has been reviewed and approved by the IRB, as provided in this policy, and certification submitted, by the institution, to the Federal department or agency component supporting the research.

§__.119 Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.

Except for research waived under § _____.101(i) or exempted under § _____.104, in the event research is undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects, but it is later proposed to involve human subjects in the research, the research shall first be reviewed and approved by an IRB, as provided in this policy, a certification submitted by the institution to the Federal department or agency component supporting the research, and final approval given to the proposed change by the Federal department or agency component.

§__.120 Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.

(a) The department or agency head will evaluate all applications and proposals involving human subjects submitted to the Federal department or agency through such officers and employees of the Federal department or agency and such experts and consultants as the department or agency head determines to be appropriate. This evaluation will take into consideration the risks to the subjects, the adequacy of protection against these risks, the potential benefits of the research to the subjects and others, and the importance of the knowledge gained or to be gained.

(b) On the basis of this evaluation, the department or agency head may approve or disapprove the application or proposal, or enter into negotiations to develop an approvable one.

§__.121 [Reserved]

§__.122 Use of Federal funds.

Federal funds administered by a Federal department or agency may not be expended for research involving human subjects unless the requirements of this policy have been satisfied.

§__.123 Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.

(a) The department or agency head may require that Federal department or agency support for any project be terminated or suspended in the manner prescribed in applicable program requirements, when the department or agency head finds an institution has materially failed to comply with the terms of this policy.

(b) In making decisions about supporting or approving applications or proposals covered by this policy the department or agency head may take into account, in addition to all other eligibility requirements and program criteria, factors such as whether the applicant has been subject to a termination or suspension under paragraph (a) of this section and whether the applicant or the person or persons who would direct or has/have directed the scientific and technical aspects of an activity has/have, in the judgment of the department or agency head, materially failed to discharge responsibility for the protection of the rights and welfare of human subjects (whether or not the research was subject to federal regulation).

§__.124 Conditions.

With respect to any research project or any class of research projects the department or agency head of either the conducting or the supporting Federal department or agency may impose additional conditions prior to or at the time of approval when in the judgment of the department or agency head \Box additional conditions are necessary for the protection of human subjects.

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Adoption of the Common Rules

The adoption of the common rules by the participating agencies, as modified by agency-specific text, is set forth below.

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2017/01/19/2017-01058/federal-policy-for-th... 10/17/2017

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

List of Subjects in 6 CFR Part 46 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/6-CFR-46)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Homeland Security adds 6 CFR part 46 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/6-CFR-46) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 46—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

46.101	To what does this policy apply?
46.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
46.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
46.104	Exempt research.
46.105	[Reserved]
46.106	[Reserved]
46.107	IRB membership.
46.108	IRB functions and operations.
46.109	IRB review of research.
46.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
46.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
46.112	Review by institution.
46.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
46.114	Cooperative research.
46.115	IRB records.
46.116	General requirements for informed consent.
46.117	Documentation of informed consent.
46.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
46.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
46.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or
	supported by a Federal department or agency.
46.121	[Reserved]
46.122	Use of Federal funds.
46.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
46.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); Pub. L. 107-296 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=plaw&congress=107&lawtype=public&lawnum=296&linktype=html), sec. 102, 306(c); Pub. L. 108-458 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=plaw&congress=108&lawtype=public&lawnum=458&link-type=html), sec. 8306.

Reginald Brothers,

Under Secretary for Science and Technology, DHS.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 1 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/7-CFR-1)c

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Agriculture revises 7 CFR part 1 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/7-CFR-1)c as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 1c-PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

1c.101	To what does this policy apply?
1C.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
1c.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
1c.104	Exempt research.
10.105	[Reserved]
1c.106	[Reserved]
10.107	IRB membership.
10.108	IRB functions and operations.
1c.109	IRB review of research.
1c.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
10.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
1c.112	Review by institution.
10.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
10.114	Cooperative research.
1c.115	IRB records.
1c.116	General requirements for informed consent.
1c.117	Documentation of informed consent.
1c.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
1c.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
1c.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or
	supported by a Federal department or agency.
1c.121	[Reserved]
1C.122	Use of Federal funds.
1c.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
10.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

Ann M. Bartuska,

Acting Under Secretary for Research, Education, and Economics, USDA.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

List of Subjects in 10 CFR Part 745 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/10-CFR-745)

10 CFR Part 745 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/10-CFR-745)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Energy revises 10 CFR part 745 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/10-CFR-745) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 745—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

745.101 To what does this policy apply?

745.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
745.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
745.104	Exempt research.
745.105	[Reserved]
745.106	[Reserved]
745.107	IRB membership.
745.108	IRB functions and operations.
745.109	IRB review of research.
745.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
745.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
745.112	Review by institution.
745.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
745.114	Cooperative research.
745.115	IRB records.
745.116	General requirements for informed consent.
745.117	Documentation of informed consent.
745.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
745.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
745.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.
745.121	[Reserved]
745.122	Use of Federal funds.
745.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
745.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

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collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 7254 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=7254&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

Elizabeth Sherwood-Randall,

Deputy Secretary of Energy.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 1230 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/14-CFR-1230)

14 CFR Part 1230 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/14-CFR-1230)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration revises 14 CFR part 1230 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/14-CFR-1230) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 1230—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

1230.101	To what does this policy apply?
1230.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
1230.103	Assuring compliance with this policy—research conducted or supported by any Federal department or agency.
1230.104	Exempt research.

1230.105	[Reserved]
1230.106	[Reserved]
1230.107	IRB membership.
1230.108	IRB functions and operations.
1230.109	IRB review of research.
1230.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
1230.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
1230.112	Review by institution.
1230.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
1230.114	Cooperative research.
1230.115	IRB records.
1230.116	General requirements for informed consent.
1230.117	Documentation of informed consent.
1230.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
1230.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
1230.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or
	supported by a Federal department or agency.
1230.121	[Reserved]
1230.122	Use of Federal funds.
1230.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
1230.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

 $collection = uscode \&title = 5 \& year = most recent \& section = 301 \& type = usc \& link-type = html); 42 \ U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection = uscode & title = 42 \& year = most recent & section = 300 \& type = usc & link-type = html)v-1(b).$

James D. Polk,

Chief Health and Medical Officer, NASA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

List of Subjects in 15 CFR Part 27 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/15-CFR-27)

15 CFR Part 27 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/15-CFR-27)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Commerce revises 15 CFR part 27 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/15-CFR-27) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 27—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

27.101	To what does this policy apply?
27.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
27.103	Assuring compliance with this policy—research conducted or supported by any Federal department or agency.
27.104	Exempt research.
27.105	[Reserved]
27.106	[Reserved]
27.107	IRB membership.
27.108	IRB functions and operations.
27.109	IRB review of research.
27.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal risk, and for minor changes in approved research.

27.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
27.112	Review by institution.
27.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
27.114	Cooperative research.
27.115	IRB records.
27.116	General requirements for informed consent.
27.117	Documentation of informed consent.
27.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
27.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
27.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.
27.121	[Reserved]
27.122	Use of Federal funds.
27.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
27.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

James Hock,

Chief of Staff, Department of Commerce.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

List of Subjects in 20 CFR Part 431 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/20-CFR-431)

20 CFR Part 431 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/20-CFR-431)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Social Security Administration adds 20 CFR part 431 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/20-CFR-431) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 431—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

431.101	To what does this policy apply?
431.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
431.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
431.104	Exempt research.
431.105	[Reserved]
431.106	[Reserved]
431.107	IRB membership.
431.108	IRB functions and operations.
431.109	IRB review of research.
431.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
431.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
431.112	Review by institution.
431.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
431.114	Cooperative research.
431.115	IRB records.

431.116	General requirements for informed consent.
431.117	Documentation of informed consent.
431.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
431.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
431.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.
431.121	[Reserved]
431.122	Use of Federal funds.
431.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
431.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 289 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=289&type=usc&link-type=html)(a).

Carolyn W. Colvin,

Acting Commissioner of Social Security.

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

List of Subjects in 22 CFR Part 225 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/22-CFR-225)

22 CFR Part 225 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/22-CFR-225)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Agency for International Development revises 22 CFR part 225 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/22-CFR-225) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 225—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

225.101	To what does this policy apply?
225.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
225.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
225.104	Exempt research.
225.105	[Reserved]
225.106	[Reserved]
225.107	IRB membership.
225.108	IRB functions and operations.
225.109	IRB review of research.
225.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minima
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
225.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
225.112	Review by institution.
225.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
225.114	Cooperative research.
225.115	IRB records.
225.116	General requirements for informed consent.
225.117	Documentation of informed consent.
225.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
225.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
225.120	

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https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2017/01/19/2017-01058/federal-policy-for-th... 10/17/2017

Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.

225.121	[Reserved]
225.122	Use of Federal funds.
225.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
225.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b), unless otherwise noted.

Irene Koek,

Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator for Global Health, U.S. Agency for International Development.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

List of Subjects in 24 CFR Part 60 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/24-CFR-60)

24 CFR Part 60 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/24-CFR-60)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Housing and Urban Development revises 24 CFR part 60 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/24-CFR-60) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 60—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

60.101	To what does this policy apply?
60.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
60.103	Assuring compliance with this policy—research conducted or supported by any Federal department or agency.
60.104	Exempt research.
60.105	[Reserved]
60.106	[Reserved]
60.107	IRB membership.
60.108	IRB functions and operations.
60.109	IRB review of research.
60.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
60.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
60.112	Review by institution.
60.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
60.114	Cooperative research.
60.115	IRB records.
60.116	General requirements for informed consent.
60.117	Documentation of informed consent.
60.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
60.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
60.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.
60.121	[Reserved]
60.122	Use of Federal funds.
60.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.

60.124 Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b) and 3535(d).

Katherine M. O'Regan,

Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research, Department of Housing and Urban Development.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

List of Subjects in 29 CFR Part 21 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/29-CFR-21)

29 CFR Part 21 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/29-CFR-21)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Labor adds 29 CFR part 21 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/29-CFR-21) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 21—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

21.101	To what does this policy apply?	
21.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.	
21.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal department or agency.	
21.104	Exempt research.	
21.105	[Reserved]	
21.106	[Reserved]	
21.107	IRB membership.	
21.108	IRB functions and operations.	
21.109	IRB review of research.	
21.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal risk, and for minor changes in approved research.	
21.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.	
21.112	Review by institution.	
21.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.	
21.114	Cooperative research.	
21.115	IRB records.	
21.116	General requirements for informed consent.	
21.117	Documentation of informed consent.	
21.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.	
21.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.	
21.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.	
21.121	[Reserved]	
21.122	Use of Federal funds.	
21.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.	
21.124	Conditions.	

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

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collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&dink-type=html); 29 U.S.C. 551 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=29&year=mostrecent§ion=551&type=usc&link-type=html).

Christopher P. Lu,

Deputy Secretary of Labor.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

List of Subjects in 32 CFR Part 219 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/32-CFR-219)

32 CFR Part 219 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/32-CFR-219)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Defense revises 32 CFR part 219 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/32-CFR-219) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 219—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

219.101	To what does this policy apply?
219.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
219.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
219.104	Exempt research.
219.105	[Reserved]
219.106	[Reserved]
219.107	IRB membership.
219.108	IRB functions and operations.
219.109	IRB review of research.
219.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
219.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
219.112	Review by institution.
219.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
219.114	Cooperative research.
219.115	IRB records.
219.116	General requirements for informed consent.
219.117	Documentation of informed consent.
219.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
219.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
219.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.
219.121	[Reserved]
219.122	Use of Federal funds.
219.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
219.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

Stephen P. Welby,

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Research and Engineering).

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2017/01/19/2017-01058/federal-policy-for-th... 10/17/2017

List of Subjects in 34 CFR Part 97 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/34-CFR-97)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Education amends 34 CFR part 97 (/selectcitation/2017/01/19/34-CFR-97) as follows:

PART 97—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

1. The authority citation for part 97 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 20 U.S.C. 1221 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=20&year=mostrecent§ion=1221&type=usc&linktype=html)e-3, 3474; 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

2. Subpart A is revised as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

Subpart A—Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects (Basic ED Policy for Protection of Human Research Subjects)

97.101	To what does this policy apply?
97.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
97.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
97.104	Exempt research.
97.105	[Reserved]
97.106	[Reserved]
97.107	IRB membership.
97.108	IRB functions and operations.
97.109	IRB review of research.
97.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
97.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
97.112	Review by institution.
97.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
97.114	Cooperative research.
97.115	IRB records.
97.116	General requirements for informed consent.
97.117	Documentation of informed consent.
97.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
97.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
97.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or
	supported by a Federal department or agency.
97.121	[Reserved]
97.122	Use of Federal funds.
97.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
97.124	Conditions.

John B. King Jr.,

Secretary of Education.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

List of Subjects in 38 CFR Part 16 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/38-CFR-16)

38 CFR Part 16 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/38-CFR-16)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Veterans Affairs revises 38 CFR part 16 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/38-CFR-16) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 16—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

16.101	To what does this policy apply?
16.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
16.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
16.104	Exempt research.
16.105	[Reserved]
16.106	[Reserved]
16.107	IRB membership.
16.108	IRB functions and operations.
16.109	IRB review of research.
16.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
16.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
16.112	Review by institution.
16.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
16.114	Cooperative research.
16.115	IRB records.
16.116	General requirements for informed consent.
16.117	Documentation of informed consent.
16.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
16.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
16.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or
	supported by a Federal department or agency.
16.121	[Reserved]
16.122	Use of Federal funds.
16.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
16 194	Conditions

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 38 U.S.C. 501 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=38&year=mostrecent§ion=501&type=usc&link-type=html), 7331, 7334; 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

Gina S. Farrisee,

Deputy Chief of Staff, U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 26 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/40-CFR-26)

40 CFR Part 26 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/40-CFR-26)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Environmental Protection Agency amends 40 CFR part 26 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/40-CFR-26) as follows:

PART 26—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

1. The authority citation for part 26 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 7 U.S.C. 136 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=7&year=mostrecent§ion=136&type=usc&link-type=html)a(a) and 136w(a)(1); 21 U.S.C. 346 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=21&year=mostrecent§ion=346&type=usc&link-type=html)a(e)(1)(C); sec. 201, Pub. L. 109-54 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=plaw&congress=109&lawtype=public&dawnum=54&link-type=html), 119 Stat. 531; and 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection = uscode & title = 42 & year = most recent & section = 300 & type = usc & link-type = html) v-1(b).

2. Subpart A is revised as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

Subpart A—Basic EPA Policy for Protection of Subjects in Human Research Conducted or Supported by EPA

26.101	To what does this policy apply?
26.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
26.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
26.104	Exempt research.
26.105	[Reserved]
26.106	[Reserved]
26.107	IRB membership.
26.108	IRB functions and operations.
26.109	IRB review of research.
26.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
26.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
26.112	Review by institution.
26.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
26.114	Cooperative research.
26.115	IRB records.
26.116	General requirements for informed consent.
26.117	Documentation of informed consent.
26.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
26.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
26.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency.
26.121	[Reserved]
26.122	Use of Federal funds.

26.123 Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.26.124 Conditions.

A. Stanley Meiburg,

Acting Deputy Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

List of Subjects in 45 CFR Part 46 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-46)

45 CFR Part 46 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-46)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Health and Human Services amends 45 CFR part 46 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-46) as follows:

PART 46—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

1. The authority citation for part 46 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 289 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=289&type=usc&link-type=html)(a); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

2. Subpart A is revised as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

Subpart A—Basic HHS Policy for Protection of Human Research Subjects

46.101	To what does this policy apply?
46.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
46.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
46.104	Exempt research.
46.105	[Reserved]
46.106	[Reserved]
46.107	IRB membership.
46.108	IRB functions and operations.
46.109	IRB review of research.
46.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
46.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
46.112	Review by institution.
46.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
46.114	Cooperative research.
46.115	IRB records.
46.116	General requirements for informed consent.
46.117	Documentation of informed consent.
46.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
46.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
46.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency

46.121	[Reserved]
46.122	Use of Federal funds.
46.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
46.124	Conditions.

Sylvia M. Burwell,

Secretary, HHS.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

List of Subjects in 45 CFR Part 690 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-690)

45 CFR Part 690 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-690)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the National Science Foundation revises 45 CFR part 690 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/45-CFR-690) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 690—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

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Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

Start Printed Page 7274 Lawrence Rudolph,

General Counsel, National Science Foundation.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

List of Subjects in 49 CFR Part 11 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/49-CFR-11)

49 CFR Part 11 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/49-CFR-11)

- Human research subjects
- Reporting and record-keeping requirements
- Research

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Transportation revises 49 CFR part 11 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/49-CFR-11) as set forth at the end of the common preamble of this document.

PART 11—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

11.101	To what does this policy apply?
11.102	Definitions for purposes of this policy.
11.103	Assuring compliance with this policy-research conducted or supported by any Federal
	department or agency.
11.104	Exempt research.
11.105	[Reserved]
11.106	[Reserved]
11.107	IRB membership.
11.108	IRB functions and operations.
11.109	IRB review of research.
11.110	Expedited review procedures for certain kinds of research involving no more than minimal
	risk, and for minor changes in approved research.
11.111	Criteria for IRB approval of research.
11.112	Review by institution.
11.113	Suspension or termination of IRB approval of research.
11.114	Cooperative research.
11.115	IRB records.
11.116	General requirements for informed consent.
11.117	Documentation of informed consent.
11.118	Applications and proposals lacking definite plans for involvement of human subjects.
11.119	Research undertaken without the intention of involving human subjects.
11.120	Evaluation and disposition of applications and proposals for research to be conducted or
	supported by a Federal department or agency.
11.121	[Reserved]
11.122	Use of Federal funds.
11.123	Early termination of research support: Evaluation of applications and proposals.
11.124	Conditions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?

collection=uscode&title=5&year=mostrecent§ion=301&type=usc&link-type=html); 42 U.S.C. 300 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link?collection=uscode&title=42&year=mostrecent§ion=300&type=usc&link-type=html)v-1(b).

Anthony R. Foxx,

Secretary of Transportation.

Footnotes

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(https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2015/09/08/2015-21756/federal-policy-for-the-protectionof-human-subjects)

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(http://www.amstat.org/meetings/jsm/2011/onlineprogram/AbstractDetails.cfm?abstractid=302255). Back to Citation

20. NCI defines "biospecimen" as, "A quantity of tissue, blood, urine, or other human-derived material. A single biopsy may generate several biospecimens, including multiple paraffin blocks or frozen biospecimens. A biospecimen can comprise subcellular structures, cells, tissue (e.g., bone, muscle, connective tissue, and skin), organs (e.g., liver, bladder, heart, and kidney), blood, gametes (sperm and ova), embryos, fetal tissue, and waste (urine, feces, sweat, hair and nail clippings, shed epithelial cells, and placenta). Portions or aliquots of a biospecimen are referred to as samples (NCI Best Practices working definition)." Retrieved from http://biospecimens.cancer.gov/bestpractices/got/#B (http://biospecimens.cancer.gov/bestpractices/got/#B). Last modified March 16, 2016.

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25. The Tuskegee Syphilis study "initially involved 600 black men-399 with syphilis, 201 who did not have the disease. The study was conducted without the benefit of patients' informed consent. Researchers told the men they were being treated for `bad blood,' a local term used to describe several ailments, including syphilis, anemia, and fatigue. In truth, they did not receive the proper treatment needed to cure their illness. In exchange for taking part in the study, the men received free medical exams, free meals, and burial insurance. Although originally projected to last 6 months, the study actually went on for 40 years. The [federal government panel investigating this study] found that the men had agreed freely to be examined and treated. However, there was no evidence that researchers had informed them of the study or its real purpose. In fact, the men had been misled and had not been given all the facts required to provide informed consent ... The men were never given adequate treatment for their disease. Even when penicillin became the drug of choice for syphilis in 1947, researchers did not offer it to the subjects. The advisory panel [investigating this study] found nothing to show that subjects were ever given the choice of quitting the study, even when this new, highly effective treatment became widely used." Source: "The Tuskegee Timeline." Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, last updated 19 Feb 2016. Retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/tuskegee/timeline.htm (http://www.cdc.gov/tuskegee/timeline.htm).) **Back to Citation**

26. See http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/InformationOnDrugs/ucm135151.htm (http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/InformationOnDrugs/ucm135151.htm). Back to Citation

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28. See http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/PostmarketRequirements/ ReportingAdverseEvents/ucm127891.htm

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33. The legislative language can be found at https://www.healthit.gov/sites/default/files/hitech_act_ excerpt_from_arra_with_index.pdf

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39. http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/sachrp-committee/recommendations/attachment-b-return-individualresearch-results/index.html (http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/sachrpcommittee/recommendations/attachment-b-return-individual-research-results/index.html). Back to Citation

40. SACHRP's public comment to the NPRM is available here: https://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/sachrpcommittee/recommendations/2016-january-5-recommendation-nprm-attachment-a/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/sachrp-committee/recommendations/2016-january-5-recommendationnprm-attachment-a/index.html). Back to Citation

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44. Section $__.109(b)$ of the pre-2018 rule states that an IRB shall require that information given to subjects as part of informed consent is in accordance with § $__.116$. The IRB may require that information, in addition to that specifically mentioned in § $__.116$, be given to the subjects when in the IRB's judgment the information would meaningfully add to the protection of the rights and welfare of subjects. Back to Citation

45. For general requirements for informed consent see § _____.116 in the pre-2018 Rule, and 21 CFR 50.20 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/21-CFR-50.20), .25 in FDA's comparable requirements. There are provisions under the Common Rule, that allow for the waiver of some or all of the elements of informed consent (see § ______.116(e) and (f)). The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act limits the circumstances under which informed consent can be waived. See, e.g., section 520(g) (21 U.S.C. 360 (https://api.fdsys.gov/link? collection=uscode&title=21&year=mostrecent§ion=360&type=usc&link-type=html)j(g)). Currently, FDA regulations contain only two exceptions from informed consent in certain life-threatening and emergency situations under 21 CFR 50.23 (/select-citation/2017/01/19/21-CFR-50.23)-24. However, the 21st Century Cures Act recently amended the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act to allow waiver of informed consent for certain FDA-regulated minimal risk investigations. Back to Citation

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52. See, e.g., Abbott L, Grady C. A Systematic Review of the Empirical Literature Evaluating IRBs: What We Know and What We Still Need to Learn. Retrieved from http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/ PMC3235475/ (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3235475/). Back to Citation 53. Bell J., Whiton J., and Connelly S., Final Report: Evaluation of NIH Implementation of Section 491 of the Public Health Service Act, Mandating a Program of Protection for Research Subjects, 1998. Back to Citation

54. To derive this estimate, the number of new protocols, estimated above, is divided by the average number of new protocol submissions reported per investigator. This is estimated to be 2.8 based on Bell et al. This number is then multiplied by the average number of investigators working on each protocol (which is assumed to be 5). This allows for an accounting of investigators working on multiple protocols as well as protocols with multiple investigators. Back to Citation

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[FR Doc. 2017-01058 (/a/2017-01058) Filed 1-18-17; 8:45 am]

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